Annual Financial Report

For The Fiscal Year Ended July 31, 2017

MEEKS CPA, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
Ocilla, Georgia

Annual Financial Report

For The Fiscal Year Ended July 31, 2017

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MEEKS CPA, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MICHAEL I. SIRMANS, CPA
D. ANTHONY ECKLER, CPA

PATRICK M. ASHLEY, CPA

WALTER H. SUMNER, CPA

CARRIE E. PUTNAL, CPA

225 East Fourth Street P.O. Box 605 Ocilla, Georgia 31774 Members:

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Georgia Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The City Council City of Nashville, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Nashville, Georgia as of and for the year ended July 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund

information of City of Nashville, Georgia, as of July 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison, and historical pension be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Nashville, Georgia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and supplemental schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, supplemental schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and supplemental schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 31, 2018, on our consideration of City of Nashville, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Nashville, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ocilla, Georgia July 31, 2018

MEEKS CPA, LLP

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF NASHVILLE, GEORGIA Statement of Net Position July 31, 2017

	Primary Government							nponent Unit
		vernmental Activities	Business-type Activities		G	Primary overnment	Deve	vntown Hopment thority
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,413,250	\$	4,691,380	\$	7,104,630	\$	4,055
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)		258,907		240,543		499,450		
Internal Balances		21,062		(21,062)				
Prepaid Items		14,937		5,143		20,080		
Restricted Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents				1,264,370		1,264,370		
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		591,180		1,452,601		2,043,781		
Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation		3,310,560		12,780,347		16,090,907		93,273
Total Assets		6,609,896		20,413,322		27,023,218		97,328
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension		69,940		42,866		112,806		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		69,940	-	42.866		112,806		
Total Deferred Outhows of Resources		00,040		42,000		112,000		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable		155,730		154,028		309,758		
Accrued Liabilities		13,853		4,373		18,226		
Other Current Liabilities				1,460		1,460		
Customer Deposits		200		200,209		200,409		
Accrued Interest Payable				47,756		47,756		
Noncurrent Liabilities				11,100		11,100		
Due Within One Year		293,778		405,953		699,731		
Due In More Than One Year		721,075		7,458,943		8,180,018		
Total Liabilities		1,184,636		8,272,722		9,457,358		
		.,,				-,,		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				00.054				
Pension Table Defense delettere of December 1		64,204		39,351		103,555		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		64,204		39,351		103,555		
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		3,304,147		6,621,917		9,926,064		93,273
Restricted For		5,504,147		0,021,817		9,920,004		33,213
		254,700				254 700		
Capital Outlay		•				254,700		
Economic Development		30,621		 		30,621		4.055
Unrestricted Total Net Position	•	1,841,528	Φ.	5,522,198	Φ	7,363,726	•	4,055
Total Net Position	\$	5,430,996	\$	12,144,115	\$	17,575,111	\$	97,328

				PRO	OGRA	M REVENU	JES			NET (EXPE	NSE)	REVENUE A	AND	CHANGES II	N NE	T POSITION
			CI	narges For		perating Frants &		Capital Grants &	-	Provernmental	Primary Govern		ent			Downtown Development
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses		Services		itributions		ntributions		Activities		Activities		Total		Authority
Primary Government																
Governmental Activities																
General Government	\$	585,076	\$	113,880	\$	26,679	\$		\$	(444,517)	\$		\$	(444,517)		
Judicial		27,424		218,340						190,916				190,916		
Public Safety		1,315,290		25,424		453				(1,289,413)				(1,289,413)		
Public Works		1,123,784		712,831		75,381		518,946		183,374				183,374		
Health and Welfare				6,780						6,780				6,780		
Culture and Recreation		141,188								(141,188)				(141,188)		
Housing and Development		237,886		132,849						(105,037)				(105,037)		
Interest on Long-Term Debt		23,841								(23,841)				(23,841)		
Total Governmental Activities		3,454,489		1,210,104		102,513		518,946		(1,622,926)				(1,622,926)		
Business-Type Activities																
Water & Sewer		1,423,538		1,751,291								327,753		327,753		
Natural Gas		1,033,158		904,325				113,735				(15,098)		(15,098)		
Total Business-Type Activities		2,456,696		2,655,616	'			113,735				312,655		312,655		
Total Primary Government	\$	5,911,185	\$	3,865,720	\$	102,513	\$	632,681		(1,622,926)		312,655		(1,310,271)		
Component Units																
Downtown Development Authority	\$	13,438	\$		<u>\$</u> \$		\$	28,534							\$	15,096
Total Component Units	\$	13,438	\$		\$		\$	28,534								15,096
	Ge	neral Revenu	es													
	٦	axes														
		Real Prope	rtv							679,002				679,002		
		Personal Pi		tv						89,526				89,526		
				nsfer (Intangi	ble)					2,711				2,711		
		Franchise		, ,	,					303,902				303,902		
		General Sa	les a	nd Use						265,898				265,898		
		Selective S								155,267				155,267		
		Business								308,263				308,263		
		Penalties a	nd In	terest on Del	inque	nt Taxes				6,793				6,793		
	- 1	nvestment In			'					6,736		14,063		20,799		
	N	/liscellaneous	3							87,039		·		87,039		10,200
	(Sain on Dispo	sitio	n of Capital A	Assets	3				22,591				22,591		,
		nsfers								(71,083)		71,083				
		otal General	Rev	enues and Ti	ransfe	ers				1,856,645		85,146		1,941,791		10,200
	Cha	anges in Net	Posit	ion						233,719		397,801		631,520		25,296
		t Position - Be								5,197,277		11,746,314		16,943,591		72,032
		t Position - Ei							\$	5,430,996	\$	12,144,115	\$	17,575,111	\$	97,328
									_				=			·

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds July 31, 2017

	General	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,145,961	\$	267,289	\$	2,413,250
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)	180,304	φ	78,603	Φ	258,907
Due from Other Funds	21,062				21,062
Total Assets	\$ 2,347,327	\$	345,892	\$	2,693,219
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 95,309	\$	60,421	\$	155,730
Accrued Liabilities	13,853	Ψ	00,421	Ψ	13,853
Customer Deposits	200				200
Total Liabilities	109,362		60,421		169,783
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue					
Property Taxes	52,806				52,806
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	52,806				52,806
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted			285,321		285,321
Assigned			150		150
Unassigned	2,185,159				2,185,159
Total Fund Balances	2,185,159		285,471		2,470,630
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,347,327	\$	345,892		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and					
therefore, are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures					3,901,740
and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	,				52,806
Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as expenditures in the funds.					14,937
Pension deferred outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and will be recognized as components of pension related expenses a					
contributions in future periods and therefore are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:					69,940
Capital Leases		\$	(175,502)		
Notes Payable		Ψ	(422,091)		
Compensated Absences			(52,511)		
Net Pension Liability			(364,749)		
Total long-term liabilities			(,)		(1,014,853)
Pension deferred inflows of resources are not available to pay for current					, -/
expenditures and will be recognized as components of pension related expe	enses				
in future periods and therefore are not reported in the funds.					(64,204)
Net Position of Governmental Activities				\$	5.430.996

CITY OF NASHVILLE, GEORGIA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended July 31, 2017

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	Ф 4.770.40E	ф 40.044	e 4.700.000
Taxes	\$ 1,778,495	\$ 12,344	\$ 1,790,839
Licenses and Permits	113,108 86.245	518,946	113,108 605,191
Intergovernmental Charges for Services	721,689	516,946	721,689
Fines and Forfeitures	218,340		218,340
Investment Income	6,736		6,736
Contributions and Donations	16,268		16,268
Miscellaneous	244,006		244,006
Total Revenues	3,184,887	531,290	3,716,177
EXPENDITURES Current			
General Government	628,246		628,246
Judicial	27,424		27,424
Public Safety	1,220,967		1,220,967
Public Works	1,041,119		1,041,119
Culture and Recreation	140,200		140,200
Housing and Development	211,004	1,717	212,721
Capital Outlay		346,563	346,563
Debt Service	113,311	27,032	140,343
Total Expenditures	3,382,271	375,312	3,757,583
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(197,384)	155,978	(41,406)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	63,835	10,100	73,935
Transfers Out	(10,000)	(63,835)	(73,835)
Proceeds of Capital Asset Dispositions	25,800		25,800
Capital Leases	123,000		123,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	202,635	(53,735)	148,900
Net Change in Fund Balances	5,251	102,243	107,494
Fund Balances - Beginning	2,179,908	183,228	2,363,136
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 2,185,159	\$ 285,471	\$ 2,470,630

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended July 31, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 107,494
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the <i>Statement of Activities</i> the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense	460,664 (333,634) 127,030
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) increases (decreases) net position. Cost of Capital Assets Sold/Disposed Accumulated Depreciation Capital Assets Reassigned to Enterprise Funds	(97,779) 94,570 (71,183) (74,392)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds while revenues reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are recognized as revenue of the previous period in the Statement of Activities and included in beginning net position. Taxes	20,523 20,523
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases, notes) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the <i>Statement of Activities</i> . Debt Issued or Incurred	
Capital Lease Financing Principal Repayments Capital Leases	(123,000)
Notes Payable	112,172 (6,498)
Expenses reported in the <i>Statement of Activities</i> that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds while expenditures reported in the <i>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances</i> are recognized as expenses of the previous period in the <i>Statement of Activities</i> and included in beginning net position.	
Compensated Absences Pensions Prepaid Items	1,267 54,442 3,853 59.562
Change in net position of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Activities	\$ 233,719

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds July 31, 2017

	Business-tvp	e Activities - En	terprise Funds
			Total
	Water &		Enterprise
	Sewer	Natural Gas	Funds
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,285,800	\$ 1,405,580	\$ 4,691,380
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)	177,417	63,126	240,543
Prepaid Items	2,690	2,453	5,143
Restricted Assets	004.004	070.000	4.004.070
Cash and Cash Equivalents	884,381	379,989 1.851.148	1,264,370
Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets	4,350,288	1,051,140	6,201,436
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	1,446,601	6,000	1,452,601
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation	11,202,364	1,577,983	12,780,347
Total Noncurrent Assets	12,648,965	1,583,983	14,232,948
Total Assets	16,999,253	3,435,131	20,434,384
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		40.004	40.000
Pension	25,945	16,921	42,866
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	25,945	16,921	42,866
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	103,879	50,149	154,028
Accrued Liabilities	2,508	1,865	4,373
Due to Other Funds	9,799	11,263	21,062
Customer Deposits	151,473	48,736	200,209
Accrued Interest Payable	47,756		47,756
Loans Payable - Current	243,517	51,752	295,269
Capital Leases Payable - Current		43,344	43,344
Revenue Bonds Payable (Net of Unamortized Discount)	67,340	1 460	67,340
Other Current Liabilities Total Current Liabilities	626.272	1,460 208,569	1,460 834.841
Noncurrent Liabilities	020,272	200,309	034,041
Compensated Absences	15,682	14,627	30,309
Net Pension Liability	135,310	88,246	223,556
Loans Payable	5,330,351	444,209	5,774,560
Capital Leases		44,558	44,558
Revenue Bonds Payable (Net of Unamortized Discount)	1,385,960		1,385,960
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	6,867,303	591,640	7,458,943
Total Liabilities	7,493,575	800,209	8,293,784
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension	23,818	15,533	39,351
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	23,818	15,533	39,351
		,	20,001
NET POSITION		4 000 45-	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,621,797	1,000,120	6,621,917
Unrestricted Total Not Resition	3,886,008	1,636,190	5,522,198
Total Net Position	\$ 9,507,805	\$ 2,636,310	\$ 12,144,115

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended July 31, 2017

	В	usiness-type	Act	ivities - Ent	erpr	ise Funds
						Total
	,	Water &			Е	interprise
		Sewer	Na	tural Gas		Funds
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for Services	\$	1,746,306	\$	901,515	\$	2,647,821
Other		4,985		2,810		7,795
Total Operating Revenues		1,751,291		904,325		2,655,616
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personal Services & Employee Benefits		421,615		294,075		715,690
Purchased/Contracted Services		181,477		142,097		323,574
Supplies		235,290		513,838		749,128
Other		3,007		5,146		8,153
Depreciation		351,942		52,738		404,680
Total Operating Expenses		1,193,331		1,007,894		2,201,225
Operating Income (Loss)		557,960		(103,569)		454,391
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Intergovernmental				113,735		113,735
Interest Revenue		5,647		8,416		14,063
Interest		(230,207)		(12,845)		(243,052)
Debt Issuance Costs				(12,419)		(12,419)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(224,560)		96,887		(127,673)
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers		333,400		(6,682)		326,718
Capital Contributions		25,988		45,195		71,183
Transfers Out		(100)				(100)
Changes in Net Position		359,288		38,513		397,801
Net Position - Beginning	_	9,148,517		2,597,797	_	11,746,314
Net Position - Ending	\$	9,507,805	\$	2,636,310	\$	12,144,115

CITY OF NASHVILLE, GEORGIA Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended July 31, 2017

	В	Business-type	Act	ivities - Ent	erpi	rise Funds
		Water &		itural Gas		Total Enterprise Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_				-	
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	1,706,732	\$	873,251	\$	2,579,983
Payments to Suppliers	Ψ.	(447,369)	*	(640,749)	*	(1,088,118)
Payments to Employees		(389,705)		(285,399)		(675,104)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities		869,658		(52,897)		816,761
						·
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers to Other Funds		(100)				(100)
Loans from Other Funds		(54,102)		(4,347)		(58,449)
Loans to Other Funds		2				2
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities		(54,200)	_	(4,347)		(58,547)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL & RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from Capital Debt		486,740		495,961		982,701
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(566,316)				(566,316)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt		(300,469)		(442,664)		(743,133)
Interest Paid on Capital Debt		(232,345)		(22,117)		(254,462)
Debt Issue Cost Paid		(202,040)		(12,419)		(12,419)
				113,735		113,735
Capital Grants Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities		(612 200)				
Net Cash Provided (Osed) by Capital and Related Philanding Activities		(612,390)		132,496		(479,894)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest and Dividends Received		5,647		8,339		13,986
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Investing Activities		5,647		8,339		13,986
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		208,715		83,591		292,306
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		3,961,466		1,701,978		5,663,444
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	4,170,181		1,785,569	\$	5,955,750
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED						
(USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•	F = 7	•	(400 500)	•	454.004
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	557,960	\$	(103,569)	\$	454,391
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by						
Operating Activities						
Depreciation Expense		351,942		52,738		404,680
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(10,185)		(37,216)		(47,401)
Increase (Decrease) in Allowances for Uncollectible Accounts		(16,624)		10,807		(5,817)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items		(691)		(1,287)		(1,978)
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,416		6,253		9,669
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(26,904)		21,566		(5,338)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities		627		940		1,567
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Payable		(3,693)		(1,609)		(5,302)
Increase (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities		(0,000)		53		53
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		(17,750)		(4,665)		(22,415)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		15,964		(5,952)		10,012
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources						
,	Φ.	15,596	Ф.	9,044	Ф.	24,640
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	869,658	\$	(52,897)	\$	816,761
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Contributions of Capital Assets from Governmental Funds	\$	25,988	\$	45,195	\$	71,183
Purchase of Capital Assets on Account		77,834	•	·		77,834
		,				,

CITY OF NASHVILLE, GEORGIA Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds July 31, 2017

ASSETS	Agency Funds
Cash Total Assets	\$ 12,954 \$ 12,954
LIABILITIES Due to Others Total Liabilities	\$ 12,954 \$ 12,954

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Nashville, Georgia was incorporated December 20, 1892 by an act of Georgia General Assembly. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government. The mayor serves full time and is elected for a period of two years. There are six Council members who serve staggered terms of two years, three being elected each year. Generally accepted accounting principles require the accompanying financial statements to present the City of Nashville and its component unit. Component units are entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Downtown Development Authority (Authority) was created to enhance the economic development of the City of Nashville. City of Nashville is financially accountable for the Authority. Separate financial statements are not issued for the Authority.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

C. Basis of Presentation - Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the City's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The discretely presented component units are shown in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category — governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary — are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water & Sewer Enterprise Fund accounts for the activities of the City's water & sewer operations.

The Natural Gas Enterprise Fund accounts for the activities of the City's natural gas operations.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds account for monies collected on behalf of other governments, agencies, officials, and individuals.

During the course of operations the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred

and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds have no measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting assets and liabilities.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia or other states, obligations issued by the U.S. Government, obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or by a government agency of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the U.S. Government, prime bankers' acceptances, the local government investment pool, repurchase agreements, and obligations of other political subdivisions of Georgia.

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates, and investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The cost of inventories is recorded as expenditures when purchased in all funds. The cost of inventories, if any, at year end are not considered material to the financial statements. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as expenditures when paid in the fund financial statements and as prepaid items in the government-wide financial statements.

4. Restricted Assets

Certain assets in the Water & Sewer Fund and Natural Gas Fund are classified as restricted assets because their use is restricted by bond covenants. The Revenue Bond sinking fund accounts are used to segregate resources for current and future debt service payments.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost which exceeds certain capitalization thresholds and has an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. All general infrastructure assets acquired or constructed after July 31, 2003 are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Capitalization	Estimated
Assets	Thresholds	Service Life
Buildings	\$ 10,000	30-60
Machinery & Equipment	\$ 5,000	7-10
Improvements	\$ 5,000	15-30
Roads	\$ 25,000	15-40
Bridges	\$ 25,000	15-40
Sidewalks	\$ 25,000	15-40
Water System	\$ 25,000	25-50
Sewer System	\$ 25,000	25-50
Gas System	\$ 25,000	25-50

6. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using the effective interest method. Debt issuance costs, except any portion related to prepaid insurance costs, are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred outflows related to pensions reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund type statements of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. The item, unavailable revenue, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The other item is the deferred inflows related to pensions reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund type statements of net position.

8. Net Position Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

9. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

10. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various classifications based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance). The fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision making authority.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. The classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by board approval, commit fund balance. Once approved, the limitation imposed remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

Property taxes were levied on October 10, 2016, payable December 20, 2016, and attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, 2016.

3. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability reported for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation or retirement.

4. Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except capital projects funds, which adopt project length budgets. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

All departments of the City submit requests for appropriations to the City Clerk so that a budget may be prepared. The proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review. The Council holds public hearings and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than July 31.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level. Supplemental budgetary appropriations in funds were not considered material.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

Excess of expenditures over appropriations at the department level (the legal level of control) is presented below:

	Budget		 Actual		Excess
General Fund		_			_
Highways and Streets	\$	378,870	\$ 509,201	\$	(130,331)
Economic Development		90,340	99,035		(8,695)
Farmers Market		35,040	77,113		(42,073)
Debt Service		66,013	113,311		(47,298)
Transfers Out			10,000		(10,000)

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Cash and Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk-deposits. This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City has no formal policy for custodial credit risk. As of July 31, 2017, the City's entire bank balance was uninsured and uncollateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agen in the City's name.

B. Receivables

Amounts are aggregated into a single accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) line for certain funds and aggregated columns. Below is the detail of receivables for the major funds and the nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts:

			Ν	lonmajor					
			Go	vernmental	١	Water &	Na	atural	
	Ge	neral		Funds		Sewer	(Gas	Total
Interest	\$	136	\$		\$	483	\$	1,187	\$ 1,806
Taxes	5	7,190		582					57,772
Accounts	12	7,860				306,407	10	7,263	541,530
Intergovernmental	3	5,269		78,021					 113,290
Gross Receivables Less: Allowance For	22	0,455		78,603		306,890	10	8,450	714,398
Uncollectibles	(4	0,151)				(129,473)	(4	5,324)	(214,948)
	\$18	0,304	\$	78,603	\$	177,417	\$ 6	3,126	\$ 499,450

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended July 31, 2017, was as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases			Ending Balance
Governmental activities:	-							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	327,033	\$		\$		\$	327,033
Construction in progress	•	331,892	•	237,377	•	(305,122)	•	264,147
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		658,925		237,377		(305,122)		591,180
Capital assets, being depreciated:						(555,122)		
Buildings		3,083,240		22,590				3,105,830
Improvements other than buildings		1,974,851		290,135				2,264,986
Machinery & equipment		1,770,228		170,489		(123,767)		1,816,950
Total capital assets, being depreciated		6,828,319		483,214		(123,767)		7,187,766
Less accumulated depreciation for:		0,020,010		100,211		(120,101)		7,107,700
Buildings		(1,575,772)		(55,696)				(1,631,468)
Improvements other than buildings		(774,968)		(125,847)				(900,815)
Machinery & equipment		(1,287,402)		(152,091)		94,570		(1,344,923)
Total accumulated depreciation		(3,638,142)		(333,634)		94,570		(3,877,206)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		3,190,177		149,580		(29,197)		3,310,560
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	3,849,102	\$	386,957	\$	(334,319)	\$	3,901,740
· ·								
	Е	Beginning						Ending
		Balance	I	ncreases	D	ecreases		Balance
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	821,086	\$		\$		\$	821,086
Construction in progress		1,138,845		636,829		(1,144,159)		631,515
Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated:		1,959,931		636,829		(1,144,159)		1,452,601
Buildings & system		17,763,288		1,170,147				18,933,435
Machinery & equipment		511,211		52,516				563,727
Total capital assets, being depreciated		18,274,499		1,222,663				19,497,162
Less accumulated depreciation for:				.,,				,,
Buildings & system		(5,870,114)		(381,679)				(6,251,793)
Machinery & equipment		(442,021)		(23,001)				(465,022)
Total accumulated depreciation		(6,312,135)		(404,680)				(6,716,815)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		11,962,364		817,983				12,780,347
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ ^	13,922,295	\$	1,454,812	\$	(1,144,159)	\$	14,232,948

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities General Government Public Safety Public Works Culture & Recreation Housing & Development	\$ 34,382 92,567 150,629 31,386 24,670
	\$ 333,634
Business-type Activities Water & Sewer Gas	\$ 351,942 52,738 404,680

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of July 31, 2017 was as follows:

Due from / to other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund	\$ 9,799
General Fund	Natural Gas Enterprise Fund	 11,263
		\$ 21,062

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. The Water and Sewer Fund owes the General Fund for unreimbursed expenses of \$9,799. The Gas Fund owes the General Fund for unreimbursed expenses of \$11,263.

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended July 31, 2017 was as follows:

Interfund transfers:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	 Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 63,835
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	10,000
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund	100
		\$ 73,935

A Nonmajor Governmental Fund transferred \$63,835 to the General Fund to finance prior year expenditures. The General Fund transferred \$10,000 to Nonmajor Governmental Funds to finance capital projects. The Water & Sewer Fund transferred \$100 to a Nonmajor Governmental Fund to finance a capital project. Governmental Funds transferred capital assets of \$25,988 to the Water & Sewer Fund and \$45,195 to the Natural Gas Fund.

E. Short-Term Debt

On November 31, 2015, the City entered into a line of credit with Farmers & Merchants Bank for \$452,500 at 3.25% interest due November 13, 2016. The balance due at July 31, 2017 was \$0.

Short-term liability activity for the year ended July 31, 2017, was as follows:

	В	eginning					Ending
	E	Balance	Α	dditions	R	eductions	Balance
Business-type Activities:							
Notes Payable	\$	400,500	\$		\$	(400,500)	\$
	\$	400,500	\$		\$	(400,500)	\$

F. Lease Obligations

Capital Leases. The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of capital assets. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. Amortization for the period is included in depreciation.

Capital assets subject to lease obligations at July 31, 2017 were as follows:

	Gov	vernmental	Business-type		
		Activities	Activities		
Machinery and Equipment	\$	228,200	\$	334,176	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(52,399)		(96,076)	
Total	\$	175,801	\$	238,100	

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of July 31, 2017, were as follows:

		/ernmental	Business-type		
Year Ending July 31		Activities	Activities		
2018	\$	32,643	\$	45,331	
2019		32,642		45,332	
2020		71,149			
2021		26,666			
2022		26,666			
Total Minimum Lease Payments		189,766		90,663	
Less: Amounts Representing Interest		(14,264)		(2,761)	
Present Value Of Minimum Lease Payments	\$	175,502	\$	87,902	

G. Long-Term Debt

Notes Payable

On May 18, 2015, City entered into a promissory note with the Citizens Bank for \$190,000 at 5% payable over 35 months at \$1,755 with 1 balloon payment due May 16, 2018 for the purchase of a metal building. The balance outstanding at July 31, 2017 was \$162,187.

The City entered into a promissory note with Citizens Bank for \$323,408 at 4.5% interest payable over 60 months @ \$6,000 with 1 balloon payment due August 15, 2019 for the renovation of the Bi-Lo Building. The balance outstanding at July 31, 2017 was \$144,720.

The City entered into a promissory note with USDA for \$185,200 at 3.75% interest payable over five years for the purchase of five police cars. The balance outstanding at July 31, 2017 was \$115,184.

Notes payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending		Governmental Activities							
July 31	F	Principal Interest				Total			
2018	\$	266,032	\$	15,392	\$	281,424			
2019		108,304		5,007		113,311			
2020		47,755		1,523		49,278			
Total	\$	422,091	\$	21,922	\$	444,013			

Loans Payable

The City entered into a loan with Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA) for \$5,888,863.85 at 3% interest payable over 20 years for the construction of a waste water treatment system. The balance outstanding at July 31, 2017 was \$5,087,128.

On July 11, 2016 the City was approved for a \$1,000,000 GEFA loan with a 40% forgiveness clause to implement a new electric water meter reading system at 1.09% payable over 20 years. The balance outstanding at July 31, 2017 was \$486,740.

The City borrowed \$495,961 from the City of Adel, Georgia for gas line expansion to promote economic development at 0% interest payable over 115 months at \$4,313 per month starting August 29, 2017. The balance outstanding at July 31, 2017 was \$495,961.

Loans payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	Business-type Activities							
July 31	Principal	Interest	Total					
2018	\$ 295,269	\$ 149,284	\$ 444,553					
2019	310,052	143,635	453,687					
2020	332,597	139,359	471,956					
2021	340,705	131,250	471,955					
2022	349,055	122,900	471,955					
2023 - 2027	1,857,957	480,257	2,338,214					
2028 - 2032	1,870,201	230,814	2,101,015					
2033 - 2037	675,266	18,213	693,479					
2038 - 2042	38,727	356	39,083					
Total	\$6,069,829	\$ 1,416,068	\$ 7,485,897					

Revenue Bonds

The City issued bonds where the City pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. The City issued Series 1992-Farmers Home Administration revenue bonds payable at 5% interest to extend the City's water and sewer system. Revenue bonds outstanding were \$1,453,300 at July 31, 2017.

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	Business-type Activities					
July 31	Principal		Interest		Total	
2018	\$	67,340	\$	72,665	\$	140,005
2019		70,710		69,298		140,008
2020		74,240		65,762		140,002
2021		77,960		62,051		140,011
2022		81,850		58,152		140,002
2023 - 2027		474,910		225,124		700,034
2028 - 2032		606,290		93,915		700,205
Total	\$ 1	,453,300	\$	646,967	\$ 2	2,100,267

H. Changes in General Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended July 31, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Compensated Absences	\$ 53,778	\$ 55,994	\$ (57,261)	\$ 52,511	\$
Net Pension Liability	502,452	163,599	(301,302)	364,749	
Capital Leases	56,832	123,000	(4,330)	175,502	27,746
Notes Payable	534,263		(112,172)	422,091	266,032
•	\$ 1,147,325	\$ 342,593	\$ (475,065)	\$ 1,014,853	\$ 293,778
Business-type Activities: Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability Capital Leases Loans Payable Revenue Bonds	\$ 35,611 213,544 130,066 5,323,457 1,517,440 \$ 7,220,118	\$ 16,877 100,271 982,701 \$ 1,099,849	\$ (22,179) (90,259) (42,164) (236,329) (64,140) \$ (455,071)	\$ 30,309 223,556 87,902 6,069,829 1,453,300 \$ 7,864,896	\$ 43,344 295,269 67,340 \$ 405,953

For Governmental activities, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and pension liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

I. Restricted Assets

The balances of the restricted asset accounts in the enterprise funds were as follows:

	Business-type
	Activities
Sinking Fund Accounts	\$ 884,381
CD's Held For Collateral	379,989
	\$ 1,264,370

Pursuant to an intergovernmental agreement (payment agreement) with the City of Tifton, Georgia, the City has placed \$379,989 of its certificates of deposit into joint ownership with the City of Tifton. These funds serve as security for a natural gas pipeline agreement entered into with the City of Tifton. The jointly owned funds are to be held, without any reductions, until the outstanding balance owed by the City of Tifton on its loan with the Georgia Municipal Association (GMA) reaches a level equal to or less than the balance of the jointly owned funds. When the jointly owned funds balance is equal to or greater than the outstanding GMA pipeline loan balance, the City of Tifton shall release funds from the jointly owned accounts on a dollar for dollar basis as it receives annual payments from Nashville pursuant to the pipeline agreement.

J. Pensions

Defined Benefit Plan

The City participates in the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The City's participation in the plan, benefit provisions, and other requirements are established by City ordinance. GMEBS issues a financial report that may be obtained by writing to Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System, 201 Pryor Street SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

Retirement benefits for regular employees are calculated as 1% of the employee's final average earnings (annual average of earnings for the 5 consecutive years of credited service preceding the participant's most recent termination in which participants earnings were the highest) up to the amount of covered compensation, plus 1.75% of final average earnings in excess of covered compensation, multiplied by years of total credit service as an eligible regular employee. Regular employees are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 with 5 years of total credited service. Normal retirement benefits for elected or appointed members of the City Council are calculated as \$16 per month for each year of total credited service or major fraction thereof. Elected or appointed members are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65. Disability retirement qualifications are based upon Social Security Administration award criteria or as otherwise provided under Section 2 of the Master Plan. Disability benefits are calculated as 20% of the participant's average monthly earnings for the 12 calendar month period immediately preceding their termination of employment as a result of a disability. Pre-retirement death benefits are payable monthly and are equal to the decreased monthly retirement benefit that would have otherwise been payable to the participant as if the 100% joint and survivor benefit had been elected.

At January 1, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	34
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	23
Active employees	42
	99

City employees are not required to contribute to the plan. The Board of Trustees of GMEBS has adopted an actuarial funding policy for determination of annual required contributions to minimize fluctuations in annual contribution

amounts and to accumulate sufficient funds to secure benefits under the plan. The Plan is subject to the minimum funding standards of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law (Georgia Code Section 47-20-10). Annual contributions made in accordance with the funding policy, which requires a different funding level, will meet the minimum funding standards. The contribution requirements of employees and the City are established by City ordinance. For the year ended July 31, 2017, the City's actuarially determined contribution was \$110,873.

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017.

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return 7.75% Inflation 3.25%

Salary increases 3.25% plus service based merit increases

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with sex-distinct rates, set forward two years for males and one year for females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target	Long-Term Expected
Domestic Equity	45 %	6.75 %
International Equity	20	7.45
Real Estate	10	4.55
Global Fixed Income	5	3.30
Domestic Fixed Income	20	1.75
Cash	0	0.00

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contributions rates and the employee rate. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The changes in net pension liability were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Pension Net Position Liability			
Delegación Designation	(a)	(b) \$ 1,888,095	(a) - (b) \$ 715,996		
Balances - Beginning					
Changes for the Year					
Service Cost	61,897		61,897		
Interest	195,279		195,279		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(77,163)		(77,163)		
Contributions - Employer		106,789	(106,789)		
Contributions - Employee					
Net Investement Income		207,609	(207,609)		
Benefit Payments	(168,723)	(168,723)			
Administrative Expense		(6,694)	6,694		
Other Changes					
Net Changes	11,290	138,981	(127,691)		
Balances - Ending	\$ 2,615,381	\$ 2,027,076	\$ 588,305		

The following presents the City's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

			(Current		
	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1%	Increase
	(6.75%)		(7.75%)		(8.75%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$	916,616	\$	588,305	\$	313,787

For the year ended July 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$100,752. At July 31, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Doforrod

Doforrod

	Οι	utflows of esources	In	iflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	19,958 454	\$	98,725
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				4,830
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		92,394		
	\$	112,806	\$	103,555

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability in the subsequent year. The other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending July 31	
2018	\$ (19,451)
2019	(19,451)
2020	(16,020)
2021	(28,221)
2022	
Thereafter	
	\$ (83,143)

Defined Contribution Plan

The City adopted a resolution to create the City of Nashville 457 Deferred Compensation Plan, on August 12, 2002. The deferred compensation plan allows eligible employees to defer a minimum of 1% of compensation or a minimum of \$25. For the year ending July 31, 2017, the City did not contribute to the plan and employee deferrals were \$11,430.

K. Fund Balances

The classifications of fund balances of governmental funds at July 31, 2017 were as follows:

nental	
iiciitai	
Funds	
0,621	
4,700	
5,321	
150	
150	
5,159	
5,159	
0,630	
-	

L. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance purchased either directly or indirectly from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years. The City's deductibles for commercial insurance coverage range from \$0 to \$25,000 with various limits of liability ranging from \$5,000 to \$12,274,051. The City's workers compensation coverage is provided by StarNet Insurance Company.

M. Commitments and Contingencies

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies, federal and state, are subject to audit and adjustment by those agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. In the opinion of City management, such disallowances, if any, will not be significant to the City's financial statements.

Municipal Gas Authority of Georgia Contract – According to the terms of a Contract with Municipal Gas Authority of Georgia (MGAG), the City is committed to purchase gas supplies for a period including the final maturity date and payment of all outstanding bonds issued to finance the City's share of the allocated Gas Supply Realignment Cost Project. In the event that at any time all project costs payable by MGAG are in excess of the revenues of the Authority available for the purpose of paying the same or reserve funds, the City is obligated to pay its share of the excess. The obligation of the City to make payments to the Authority under these contracts constitutes a general obligation of the City.

N. Related Organizations

The Mayor is responsible for appointing the board members of the Housing Authority of the City of Nashville, but the City's accountability for the Authority does not extend beyond making the appointments. Any disbursements to the Authority are based on contractual agreements that have been budgeted and expensed as a part of the regular operations of the City.

O. Joint Ventures

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the South Georgia area, is a member of the Southern Georgia Regional Commission and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During its year ended July 31, 2017, the City paid \$6,069 in such dues. Membership in a regional commission is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the regional commission in Georgia. The regional commission board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of a Regional Commission. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

Southeast Georgia Regional Commission 327 West Savannah Ave. Valdosta, Georgia 31601

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended July 31, 2017

•	5		Actual	Variance With
		Amounts		
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
	¢ 1 001 400	¢ 1045 700	\$ 1.778.495	¢ (67.20E)
Taxes Licenses and Permits	\$ 1,821,490 124,075	\$ 1,845,790	, , -,	\$ (67,295)
	,	124,075	113,108	(10,967)
Intergovernmental	107,500	107,500	86,245	(21,255)
Charges for Services	704,362	704,362	721,689	17,327
Fines and Forfeitures	193,200	228,200	218,340	(9,860)
Interest Revenue	6,000	6,000	6,736	736
Contributions and Donations	8,100	8,100	16,268	8,168
Miscellaneous	156,200	156,200	244,006	87,806
Total Revenues	3,120,927	3,180,227	3,184,887	4,660
EXPENDITURES				
Clerks Office	547,930	647,230	628,246	18,984
Municipal Court	26,700	27,700	27,424	276
Police	1,071,420	1,076,420	1,039,625	36,795
Fire and Emergency	123,450	123,450	120,849	2,601
Animal Control	68,965	62,965	60,493	2,472
Highways and Streets	368,870	378,870	509,201	(130,331)
Sanitation	608,477	563,477	529,131	34,346
City Shop	1,300	1,300	435	865
Work Control	3,900	3,900	2,352	1,548
Recreation	117,593	142,593	140,200	2,393
Economic Development	80,340	90,340	99,035	(8,695)
Code Enforcer	38,275	38,275	34,856	3,419
Farmers Market	35,040	35,040	77,113	(42,073)
Debt Service	66,013	66,013	113,311	(47,298)
Total Expenditures	3,158,273	3,257,573	3,382,271	(124,698)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	(37,346)	(77,346)	(197,384)	(120,038)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(= ,= =)	(, , ,		
Transfers In				
TE Grant Capital Projects Fund			63,835	63,835
Transfers Out			00,000	00,000
TE Grant #3 Capital Projects Fund			(10,000)	(10,000)
Proceeds of Capital Asset Dispositions			25,800	25,800
Capital Leases			123,000	123,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			202,635	202,635
Net Change in Fund Balances	(37,346)	(77,346)	5.251	82,597
Fund Balances - Beginning	2,179,908	2,179,908	2,179,908	02,007
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 2,142,562	\$ 2,102,562	\$ 2,185,159	\$ 82,597
i dila balances - Enality	Ψ 2,172,302	Ψ 2,102,002	Ψ 2,100,100	Ψ 02,001

Notes to Schedule

The annual budget was adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Pension Plan Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios July 31, 2017

		2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost	\$	61,897	\$ 54,441	\$ 62,605
Interest on Total Pension Liability		195,279	194,129	184,934
Changes of Benefit Terms				
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	ŧ	(77,163)	(61,655)	49,897
Changes of Assumptions				1,137
Benefit Payments		(168,723)	(175,422)	(184,447)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		11,290	11,493	114,126
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		2,604,091	2,592,598	2,478,472
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	2,615,381	\$ 2,604,091	\$ 2,592,598
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - Employer	\$	106,789	\$ 105,538	\$ 91,718
Contributions - Employee				
Net Investment Income		207,609	24,754	206,436
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Co)	(168,723)	(175,422)	(184,447)
Administrative Expense		(6,694)	(7,603)	(6,211)
Other				
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		138,981	(52,733)	107,496
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		1,888,095	1,940,828	1,833,332
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	2,027,076	\$ 1,888,095	\$ 1,940,828
City's Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	588,305	\$ 715,996	\$ 651,770
Dian Eidusiam Not Desition as a Descritors of				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		77.51%	72.50%	74.86%
		77.0170	, 2.00 /0	7 1.5570
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	1,210,478	\$ 1,203,868	\$ 1,136,746
City's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of				
Covered-Employee Payroll		48.60%	59.47%	57.34%

Pension Plan Schedule of City Contributions July 31, 2017

Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	2017 \$ 110,873 110,873 \$	2016 \$ 105,972 105,972 \$	2015 \$ 105,451 105,451 \$
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 1,210,478	\$ 1,203,868	\$ 1,136,746
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	9.16%	8.80%	9.28%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date January 1, 2016
Actuarial cost method Projected unit credit

Amortization method Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability

Remaining amortization period Net effective period of 10 years

Asset valuation method Sum of actuarial value at the beginning of the year and the cash flow during the

year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at end of year. The actuarial value

is adjusted, if necessary, to be within 20% of market value.

Investment rate of return 7.75% Inflation 3.25%

Salary increases 3.25% plus age and service based merit increases

Cost-of-living adjustment 0%

Retirement age 65 with 5 years of service for employees and 65 for officials

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with sex-distinct rates, set forward two

years for males and one year for females

COMBINING & INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS & SCHEDULES

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It is used to account for and report all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund.

General Fund Balance Sheet July 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,145,961	\$ 2,144,621
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)		
Interest	136	136
Taxes	55,191	42,404
Accounts	89,708	75,636
Intergovernmental	35,269	30,329
Due from Other Funds		
Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund	9,799	63,901
Natural Gas Enterprise Fund	11,263	15,610
Total Assets	\$ 2,347,327	\$ 2,372,637
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$ 95,309	\$ 149,692
Accrued Liabilities	13,853	10,554
Customer Deposits	200	200
Total Liabilities	109,362	160,446
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable Revenue		
Property Taxes	52,806	32,283
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	52,806	32,283
	02,000	02,200
FUND BALANCES	0.40=.4=0	0.470.000
Unassigned	2,185,159	2,179,908
Total Fund Balances	2,185,159	2,179,908
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 2,347,327	\$ 2,372,637

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
REVENUES		
Taxes	\$ 1,778,495	\$ 1,774,364
Licenses and Permits	113,108	110,110
Intergovernmental	86,245	83,719
Charges for Services	721,689	709,155
Fines and Forfeitures	218,340	213,581
Interest Revenue	6,736	6,557
Contributions and Donations	16,268	21,798
Miscellaneous	244,006	188,211
Total Revenues	3,184,887	3,107,495
EXPENDITURES Current		
General Government	628,246	514,681
Judicial	27,424	26,058
Public Safety	1,220,967	1,128,153
Public Works	1,041,119	927,008
Culture and Recreation	140,200	107,895
Housing and Development	211,004	195,650
Debt Service	113,311	72,000
Total Expenditures	3,382,271	2,971,445
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(197,384)	136,050
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In		
TE Grant Capital Projects Fund Transfers Out	63,835	
TE Grant #3 Capital Projects Fund	(10,000)	(93,248)
Proceeds of Capital Asset Dispositions	25,800	30,198
Capital Leases	123,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	202,635	(63,050)
Net Change in Fund Balances	5,251	73,000
Fund Balances - Beginning	2,179,908	2,106,908
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 2,185,159	\$ 2,179,908

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Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Hotel/Motel Fund - This fund is used to account for the collection and disbursement of tax for the purpose of tourism.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

1% SPLOST #4 Fund - This fund is used to account for the City's share of the one-percent special purpose local option sales tax to be used for capital outlay for major capital projects..

CDBG WinFab Fund - This fund is used to account for federal grants used for sewer expansion.

TE Grant #2 Fund - This fund is used to account for federal grants used to construct and improve downtown sidewalks

TE Grant #3 Fund - This fund is used to account for federal grants used to construct and improve downtown sidewalks.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds July 31, 2017

	_Sp	pecial Reve	enue	1%	CDBG		
	Ho	tel/Motel		Total	SPLOST #4	V	VinFab
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	30,039	\$	30,039	\$ 237,100	\$	100
Receivables		582	_	582	19,594	_	58,427
Total Assets	\$	30,621	\$	30,621	\$ 256,694	\$	58,527
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable					1,994		58,427
Total Liabilities					1,994		58,427
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted		30,621		30,621	254,700		
Assigned		·			·		100
Total Fund Balances		30,621		30,621	254,700		100
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	30,621	\$	30,621	\$ 256,694	\$	58,527

Capi	tal Proje	cts Fu	nds			T .4.	
	TE Grant #2		TE Grant #3		Total		l Nonmajor vernmental Funds
\$	50 	\$		\$	237,250 78,021	\$	267,289 78,603
\$	50	\$	-	\$	315,271	\$	345,892
					60,421		60,421
					60,421		60,421
					254,700		285,321
	50				150		150
	50				254,850		285,471
\$	50	\$		\$	315,271	\$	345,892

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended July 31, 2017

	Sp	ecial Reve	nue			
	Hot	el/Motel_		Total	1% SPLOST #4	CDBG WinFab
REVENUES Taxes	\$	12,344	\$	12,344	\$	\$
Intergovernmental	Ф	12,344	φ	12,344	φ 227,734	ъ 227,377
Total Revenues		12,344		12,344	227,734	227,377
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Housing and Development		1,717		1,717		
Capital Outlay					109,186	227,377
Debt Service					27,032	
Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)		1,717		1,717	136,218	227,377
Expenditures		10,627		10,627	91,516	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In						100
Transfers Out						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						100
Net Change in Fund Balances		10,627		10,627	91,516	100
Fund Balances - Beginning		19,994		19,994	163,184	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	30,621	\$	30,621	\$ 254,700	\$ 100

Capit	al Proje	cts Fu	ınds			
	Grant #2		TE Grant #3		Total	I Nonmajor vernmental Funds
\$	 		 63,835_	\$	 518,946	\$ 12,344 518,946
			63,835		518,946	 531,290
						1,717
			10,000		346,563	346,563
			10,000		27,032 373,595	 27,032 375,312
			53,835		145,351	155,978
	•			`		
			10,000		10,100	10,100
			63,835)	_	(63,835)	 (63,835)
		(;	53,835)		(53,735)	 (53,735)
					91,616	102,243
	50			_	163,234	 183,228
\$	50	\$		\$	254,850	\$ 285,471

CITY OF NASHVILLE, GEORGIA Hotel/Motel Special Revenue Fund Balance Sheet July 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017		2016	
ASSETS	æ	20.020	æ	40.056
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables	\$	30,039	\$	19,356
Taxes		582		638
Total Assets	\$	30,621	\$	19,994
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted	\$	30,621	\$	19,994
Total Fund Balances	\$	30,621	\$	19,994

Hotel/Motel Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

		2017		2016
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$	12,344	\$	9,299
Total Revenues		12,344		9,299
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Housing and Development		1,717		4,046
Total Expenditures		1,717		4,046
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	10,627		5,253
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	10,627		5,253
Fund Balances - Beginning		19,994		14,741
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	30,621	\$	19,994

Hotel/Motel Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended July 31, 2017

	Budget		 Actual	Variance	
REVENUES			 		_
Taxes	\$	8,000	\$ 12,344	\$	4,344
Total Revenues		8,000	12,344		4,344
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Housing and Development		8,000	1,717		6,283
Total Expenditures		8,000	1,717		6,283
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures			10,627		10,627
Net Change in Fund Balances			10,627		10,627
Fund Balances - Beginning		19,994	19,994		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	19,994	\$ 30,621	\$	10,627

CITY OF NASHVILLE, GEORGIA 1% SPLOST #4 Capital Projects Fund Balance Sheet July 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 237,100	\$ 143,751
Receivables		
Intergovernmental	19,594	19,433
Total Assets	\$ 256,694	\$ 163,184
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,994	\$
Total Liabilities	1,994	
FUND BALANCES		
Restricted	254,700	163,184
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 256,694	\$ 163,184

1% SPLOST #4 Capital Projects Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
REVENUES		
Intergovernmental	\$ 227,734	\$ 206,404
Total Revenues	227,734	206,404
EXPENDITURES		
Capital Outlay	109,186	180,562
Debt Service	27,032	80,098
Total Expenditures	136,218	260,660
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	91,516	(54,256)
Net Change in Fund Balances	91,516	(54,256)
Fund Balances - Beginning	163,184	 217,440
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 254,700	\$ 163,184

CITY OF NASHVILLE, GEORGIA CDBG WinFab Capital Projects Fund Balance Sheet July 31, 2017 and 2016

		2017		2016
ASSETS		_		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	100	\$	
Receivables				
Intergovernmental		58,427		
Total Assets	\$	58,527	\$	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	58,427	\$	
Total Liabilities	<u> </u>	58,427		
FUND BALANCES				
Assigned		100		
Total Fund Balances		100		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	58,527	\$	

CITY OF NASHVILLE, GEORGIA CDBG WinFab Capital Projects Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
REVENUES		
Intergovernmental	\$ 227,377	\$
Total Revenues	227,377	
EXPENDITURES		
Capital Outlay	227,377	
Total Expenditures	227,377	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers In		
Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund	100	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	100	
Net Change in Fund Balances	100	
Fund Balances - Beginning		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 100	\$

CDBG WinFab Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Year Ended July 31, 2017

REVENUES	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date
Intergovernmental Total Revenues	\$ 500,000 500,000	\$ 	\$ 227,377 227,377	\$ 227,377 227,377
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	500,000 500,000		227,377 227,377	227,377 227,377
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances - Beginning Fund Balances - Ending	 \$	 \$	100 100 100 \$ 100	100 100 \$ 100

CITY OF NASHVILLE, GEORGIA TE Grant #2 Capital Projects Fund **Balance Sheet** July 31, 2017 and 2016

	20)17	20	016
ASSETS	·			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	50	\$	50
Total Assets	\$	50	\$	50
FUND BALANCES				
Assigned	\$	50	\$	50
Total Fund Balances	\$	50	\$	50

TE Grant #3 Capital Projects Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

		2017	2016
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental	_\$	63,835	\$ 134,054
Total Revenues		63,835	134,054
EXPENDITURES			
Capital Outlay		10,000	 227,302
Total Expenditures		10,000	 227,302
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		53,835	(93,248)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In			
General Fund		10,000	93,248
Transfers Out			
General Fund		(63,835)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(53,835)	93,248
Net Change in Fund Balances			
Fund Balances - Beginning			
Fund Balances - Ending	\$		\$

TE Grant #3 Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Year Ended July 31, 2017

	Project horization	<u>Pr</u>	ior Years	Cur	rent Year	Tot	al to Date
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$ 200,000	\$	134,054	\$	63,835	\$	197,889
Total Revenues	200,000		134,054		63,835		197,889
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	250,000 250,000		244,045 244,045		10,000		254,045 254,045
(Under) Expenditures	 (50,000)		(109,991)		53,835		(56,156)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In General Fund Transfers Out	50,000		109,991		10,000		119,991
General Fund	 				(63,835)		(63,835)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 50,000	\$	109,991		(53,835)	\$	56,156
Fund Balances - Beginning Fund Balances - Ending				\$	<u></u>		

Major Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the City's Council is that costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the City's Council has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Water & Sewer Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's water & sewer operations.

Natural Gas Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's natural gas operations.

Water & Sewer Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Position July 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,285,800	\$ 3,393,728
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)		
Interest	483	483
Accounts	176,934	150,125
Due from Other Funds		
Sewer Improvements Capital Projects Fund		2
Prepaid Items	2,690	1,999
Restricted Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	884,381	567,738
Total Current Assets	4,350,288	4,114,075
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		
Land	815,086	815,086
Construction in Progress	631,515	39,881
Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation		
Buildings and System	16,803,346	16,777,358
Machinery and Equipment	431,842	379,326
Accumulated Depreciation	(6,032,824)	(5,680,882)
Total Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation	12,648,965	12,330,769
Total Noncurrent Assets	12,648,965	12,330,769
Total Assets	16,999,253	16,444,844
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension	25,945	29,361
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	25,945	29,361

Water & Sewer Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Position July 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	103,879	52,949
Accrued Liabilities	2,508	1,881
Due to Other Funds		
General Fund	9,799	63,901
Customer Deposits	151,473	169,223
Accrued Interest Payable	47,756	49,894
Loans Payable - Current	243,517	236,329
Revenue Bonds Payable (Net of Unamortized Discount)	67,340	64,140
Total Current Liabilities	626,272	638,317
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Compensated Absences	15,682	19,375
Net Pension Liability	135,310	119,346
Loans Payable	5,330,351	5,087,128
Revenue Bonds Payable (Net of Unamortized Discount)	1,385,960_	1,453,300
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	6,867,303	6,679,149
Total Liabilities	7,493,575	7,317,466
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension	23,818	8,222
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	23,818	8,222
NET POOLTION		
NET POSITION	E 004 707	F 400 070
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,621,797	5,489,872
Unrestricted Tatal Nat Basition	3,886,008	3,658,645
Total Net Position	\$ 9,507,805	\$ 9,148,517

Water & Sewer Enterprise Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Years Ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

OPERATING REVENUES	2017	2016
	Ф 4.746.206	¢ 4.500.070
Charges for Services Other	\$ 1,746,306	\$ 1,509,379
	4,985	2,910
Total Operating Revenues	1,751,291	1,512,289
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personal Services and Employee Benefits	421,615	337,703
Purchased/Contracted Services	181,477	181,992
Supplies	235,290	248,382
Depreciation	351,942	350,182
Other	3,007	2,538
Total Operating Expenses	1,193,331	1,120,797
Operating Income (Loss)	557,960	391,492
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest Revenue	5,647	5,465
Interest	(230,207)	(240,328)
Gain/Loss on Disposition of Capital Assets		748
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(224,560)	(234,115)
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	333,400	157,377
Capital Contributions	25,988	1,001,930
Transfers Out		
CDBG WinFab Capital Projects Fund	(100)	
Changes in Net Position	359,288	1,159,307
Net Position - Beginning	9,148,517	7,989,210
Net Position - Ending	\$ 9,507,805	\$ 9,148,517

CITY OF NASHVILLE, GEORGIA Water & Sewer Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows For the Years Ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

		0047		0046
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		2017		2016
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	1,706,732	\$	1,490,705
Payments to Suppliers	•	(447,369)	*	(390,798)
Payments to Employees		(389,705)		(345,039)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities		869,658		754,868
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers to Other Funds		(100)		
Loans from Other Funds		(54,102)		(14,656)
Loans to Other Funds		2		
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities		(54,200)		(14,656)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL & RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from Capital Debt		486,740		
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(566,316)		(76,239)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt		(300,469)		(290,433)
Interest Paid on Capital Debt Proceeds from Sales of Capital Assets		(232,345)		(242,374) 2,032
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities	_	(612,390)		(607,014)
, , , , , ,		(0.2,000)		(001,011)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and Dividends Received		E 647		E E22
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Investing Activities		5,647 5,647		5,523 5,523
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		208,715		138,721
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		3,961,466		3,822,745
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	4,170,181	\$	3,961,466
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by	\$	557,960	\$	391,492
Operating Activities		251.042		250 400
Depreciation Expense (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		351,942 (10,185)		350,182 (40,891)
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivables		(10,105)		(21)
Increase (Decrease) in Allowances for Uncollectible Accounts		(16,624)		19,328
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items		(691)		856
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,416		(5,419)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(26,904)		6,119
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities		627		54 4.050
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Payable Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		(3,693) (17,750)		1,859 35,139
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		15,964		(1,904)
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources		15,596		(1,926)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	869,658	\$	754,868
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_		_	
Contributions of Capital Assets from Governmental Funds	\$	25,988	\$	1,001,930
Purchase of Capital Assets on Account		77,834		

Natural Gas Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Position July 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016		
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,405,580	\$ 1,321,989		
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)				
Interest	1,187	1,110		
Accounts	61,939	35,530		
Prepaid Items	2,453	1,166		
Restricted Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	379,989	379,989		
Total Current Assets	1,851,148	1,739,784		
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	6,000	6,000		
Construction in Progress		1,098,964		
Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and System	2,130,089	985,930		
Machinery and Equipment	131,885	131,885		
Accumulated Depreciation	(683,991)	(631,253)		
Total Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation	1,583,983	1,591,526		
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,583,983	1,591,526		
Total Assets	3,435,131	3,331,310		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension	16,921	23,174		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	16,921	23,174		

CITY OF NASHVILLE, GEORGIA Natural Gas Enterprise Fund **Statement of Net Position** July 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	50,149	28,583
Accrued Liabilities	1,865	925
Due to Other Funds		
General Fund	11,263	15,610
Accrued Interest Payable		9,272
Short-Term Notes Payable		400,500
Customer Deposits	48,736	53,401
Loans Payable - Current	51,752	
Capital Leases Payable - Current	43,344	42,164
Other Current Liabilities	1,460	1,407
Total Current Liabilities	208,569	551,862
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Compensated Absences	14,627	16,236
Net Pension Liability	88,246	94,198
Loans Payable	444,209	
Capital Leases	44,558	87,902
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	591,640	198,336
Total Liabilities	800,209	750,198
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension	15,533	6,489
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	15,533	6,489
	10,000	0,100
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,000,120	1,060,960
Unrestricted	1,636,190	1,536,837
Total Net Position	\$ 2,636,310	\$ 2,597,797

Natural Gas Enterprise Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Years Ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

ODEDATINO DEVENUES	2017		2016		
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services	\$	901,515	\$	744 405	
Other	Ф	2,810	Φ	744,485 7,399	
Total Operating Revenues		904,325		751,884	
OPERATING EXPENSES		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	`	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Personal Services and Employee Benefits		294,075		277,991	
Purchased/Contracted Services		142,097		120,582	
Supplies		513,838		329,279	
Depreciation		52,738		30.044	
Other		5,146			
Total Operating Expenses		1,007,894		757,896	
Operating Income (Loss)		(103,569)		(6,012)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Intergovernmental		113,735		540,688	
Interest Revenue		8,416		9,390	
Interest		(12,845)		(4,315)	
Debt Issuance Costs		(12,419)			
Gain/Loss on Disposition of Capital Assets				3,218	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		96,887		548,981	
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers		(6,682)		542,969	
Capital Contributions		45,195			
Changes in Net Position		38,513		542,969	
Net Position - Beginning		2,597,797		2,054,828	
Net Position - Ending	\$	2,636,310	\$	2,597,797	

Natural Gas Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017			2016		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	873,251	\$	747,907		
Payments to Suppliers		(640,749)		(467,494)		
Payments to Employees		(285,399)		(272,251)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities		(52,897)		8,162		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Loans from Other Funds		(4,347)		(22,935)		
Loans to Other Funds				9,303		
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities		(4,347)		(13,632)		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL & RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from Capital Debt		495,961		400,500		
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets				(998,822)		
Principal Paid on Capital Debt		(442,664)		(41,015)		
Interest Paid on Capital Debt		(22,117)		(4,315)		
Debt Issue Cost Paid		(12,419)				
Capital Grants		113,735		540,688		
Proceeds from Sales of Capital Assets				3,218		
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities		132,496		(99,746)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest and Dividends Received		8,339		9,735		
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Investing Activities		8,339		9,735		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		83,591		(95,481)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		1,701,978		1,797,459		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	1,785,569	\$	1,701,978		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES			_	(2.2.1.2.)		
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(103,569)	\$	(6,012)		
Depreciation Expense		52,738		30,044		
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(37,216)		(7,483)		
Increase (Decrease) in Allowances for Uncollectible Accounts		10,807		3,506		
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items		(1,287)		1,062		
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources		6,253		(7,130)		
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		21,566		(36,446)		
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities		940		(197)		
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Payable		(1,609)		434		
Increase (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities		53		(25)		
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		(4,665)		17,775		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		(5,952)		12,945		
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources	•	9,044	•	(311)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	(52,897)	\$	8,162		
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Contributions of Capital Assets from Governmental Funds	\$	45,195	\$			

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

CITY OF NASHVILLE, GEORGIA Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds July 31, 2017

	Agency Funds					
	Special Account		Voluntary Fire Dept		Total	
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	4,055	\$	8,899	_\$_	12,954
Total Assets	\$	4,055	\$	8,899	\$	12,954
LIABILITIES						
Due to Others	\$	4,055	\$	8,899	\$	12,954
Total Liabilities	\$	4,055	\$	8,899	\$	12,954

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

General Fund Schedule of Revenues For the Years Ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017		2016	
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Real Property	\$	658,479	\$	668,646
Personal Property		89,526		91,727
Real Estate Transfer (Intangible)		2,711		1,282
Franchise		303,902		316,675
General Sales and Use		265,898		265,143
Selective Sales and Use		142,923		139,239
Business				
Insurance Premium		308,263		284,587
Penalties and Interest on Delinquent Taxes		6,793		7,065
		1,778,495		1,774,364
Licenses and Permits				
Business		96,558		94,711
Non-Business		200		100
Regulatory		16,350		15,299
		113,108		110,110
Intergovernmental		86,245		83,719
Charges for Services				
Public Safety		25,424		25,387
Public Works		680,735		658,832
Other Charges for Services		15,530		24,936
		721,689		709,155
Fines and Forfeitures		218,340		213,581
Interest Revenue		6,736		6,557
Contributions and Donations		16,268		21,798
Miscellaneous		244,006		188,211
Total Revenues	\$	3,184,887	\$	3,107,495

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures

For the Years Ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
General Government		
Clerks Office		
Personal Services and Employee Benefits	\$ 271,5	74 \$ 272,368
Purchased/Contracted Services	259,1	01 191,269
Supplies	32,4	62 34,705
Capital Outlay	22,5	· ·
Other Costs	42,5	
Total Clerks Office	628,2	46 514,681
Total General Government	628,2	46 514,681
Judicial		
Municipal Court		
Purchased/Contracted Services	26,9	
Supplies		60 89
Total Municipal Court	27,4	
Total Judicial	27,4	24 26,058
Public Safety		
Police		
Personal Services and Employee Benefits	793,8	
Purchased/Contracted Services	117,6	,
Supplies	63,3	•
Capital Outlay	17,4	
Other Costs	47,3	
Total Police	1,039,6	25 961,925
Fire and Emergency		
Personal Services and Employee Benefits	60,9	
Purchased/Contracted Services	51,2	,
Supplies	8,4	
Other Costs		22 431
Total Fire and Emergency	120,8	49 104,881
Animal Control		
Personal Services and Employee Benefits	42,2	•
Purchased/Contracted Services	14,8	
Supplies	3,3	
Total Animal Control	60,4	
Total Public Safety	1,220,9	67 1,128,153

CITY OF NASHVILLE, GEORGIA General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures For the Years Ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
Public Works		
Highways and Streets		
Personal Services and Employee Benefits	103,035	102,151
Purchased/Contracted Services	41,889	50,522
Supplies	142,251	140,054
Capital Outlay	221,997	68,577
Other Costs	29	429
Total Highways and Streets	509,201	361,733
Sanitation		
Personal Services and Employee Benefits	38,420	37,106
Purchased/Contracted Services	489,061	519,164
Supplies	1,518	4,290
Other Costs	132	
Total Sanitation	529,131	560,560
City Shop		
Purchased/Contracted Services	173	2,542
Supplies	262	
Total City Shop	435	2,542
Work Control		
Purchased/Contracted Services	2,011	1,668
Supplies	341	505
Total Work Control	2,352	2,173
Total Public Works	1,041,119	927,008
Culture and Recreation		
Recreation		
Personal Services and Employee Benefits	68,280	68,251
Purchased/Contracted Services	5,411	6,041
Supplies	23,740	25,497
Capital Outlay	34,381	
Other Costs	8,388	8,106
Total Recreation	140,200	107,895
Total Culture and Recreation	140,200	107,895
Housing and Development		
Code Enforcer		
Personal Services and Employee Benefits	28,249	27,670
Purchased/Contracted Services	3,171	5,497
Supplies	3,416	2,878
Other Costs	20	
Total Code Enforcer	34,856	36,045

CITY OF NASHVILLE, GEORGIA General Fund Schedule of Expenditures For the Years Ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
Economic Development		
Personal Services and Employee Benefits	57,934	45,608
Purchased/Contracted Services	18,500	13,759
Supplies	7,906	2,984
Other Costs	14,695	15,513
Total Economic Development	99,035	77,864
Farmers Market		
Personal Services and Employee Benefits	12,918	12,454
Purchased/Contracted Services	6,825	9,785
Supplies	9,988	10,443
Other Costs	47,382	49,059
Total Farmers Market	77,113	81,741
Total Housing and Development	211,004	195,650
Debt Service	113,311	72,000
Total Expenditures	\$ 3,382,271	\$ 2,971,445

CITY OF NASHVILLE, GEORGIA Water & Sewer Enterprise Fund Schedule of Water & Sewer Bonds - Series 1992-Farmers Home Administration July 31, 2017

Year Ending	Principal	Rate	Interest	Annual Debt Service
July 31, 2018	\$ 67,340	5.00%	\$ 72,665	\$ 140,005
July 31, 2019	70,710	5.00%	69,298	140,008
July 30, 2020	74,240	5.00%	65,762	140,002
July 30, 2021	77,960	5.00%	62,051	140,011
July 30, 2022	81,850	5.00%	58,152	140,002
July 30, 2023	85,950	5.00%	54,060	140,010
July 29, 2024	90,240	5.00%	49,763	140,003
July 29, 2025	94,760	5.00%	45,250	140,010
July 29, 2026	99,490	5.00%	40,513	140,003
July 29, 2027	104,470	5.00%	35,538	140,008
July 28, 2028	109,690	5.00%	30,315	140,005
July 28, 2029	115,180	5.00%	24,830	140,010
July 28, 2030	120,930	5.00%	19,071	140,001
July 28, 2031	126,980	5.00%	13,024	140,004
July 27, 2032	133,510	5.00%	6,675	140,185
	\$ 1,453,300		\$ 646,967	\$ 2,100,267

Schedule of Hotel/Motel Taxes Expended

For the Year Ended July 31, 2017

Total Expenditures Tourism, Promotions, Conventions, Trade Shows, and Facility Support	\$ 1,717
Taxes Collected Tax Collections @ 3%	<u>1,717</u> 7,406
Tax Collections Greater Than 3%	4,938 12,344
Percentage of Current Year Taxes Expended	14%

CITY OF NASHVILLE, GEORGIA Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Sales Tax Proceeds For the Year Ended July 31, 2017

Project	Original Estimated Cost	Revised Estimated Cost		Expenditures Prior Current Years Year Total		Current		Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
Six Year Period 1/1/2012 - 12/31/2017 Roads, Streets & Bridges	\$ 1,915,661	\$ 1,915,661	\$	315,571	\$	17,546	\$	333,117	68%
Street & Sanitation Projects, Improvements & Equipment Water & Sewer Extensions, Projects,				7,470		5,976		13,446	
Improvements & Equipment				164,329		74,366		238,695	
Gas System Improvements & Equipment				96.673		10,499		107,172	
Recreation Facilities & Equipment City Hall Administration & Storage Facilities Expansion, Improvements &				49,273				49,273	
Equipment Community Center Equipment &				9,280		2,278		11,558	
Improvements Law Enforcement Facilities Improvements									
& Equipment Fire Fighting Facilities Improvements &				465,961		24,134		490,095	
Equipment Animal Control Facility Improvements &				28,742		1,419		30,161	
Equipment				18,232				18,232	
Economic Development Projects	\$ 1,915,661	\$ 1,915,661	\$	10,827 1,166,358	\$	 136,218	\$	10,827 1,302,576	
1% SPLOST #4 Capital Projects Fund Total Expenditures					\$	136,218 136,218			

CITY OF NASHVILLE, GEORGIA Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended July 31, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Commerce Economic Development Administration Public Works Program Total U.S. Department of Commerce	11.300	04-01-06881	\$ 113,735 113,735
U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development Pass-through Program From Georgia Department of Community Affairs Community Development Block Grant Total U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development	14.228	15q-z-010-2-5812	227,377 227,377
U.S. Department of Transportation Pass-through Program From Georgia Department of Transportation Transportation Enhancement Grant Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.205	CSTEE-0010-00(576)	63,835 63,835
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Loan from Georgia Environmental Finance Authority Drinking Water State Revolving Fund	66-468	DWSRF-16-010	486,740 486,740
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Pass-through Program From Georgia Emergency Management Agency FEMA Disaster Grant Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security Total Expenditures of Federal Awards	97.036	FEMA-4297-DR-GA	5,044 5,044 \$ 896,731

Basis of Presentation

This schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of City of Nashville, Georgia and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because this schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of City of Nashville, Georgia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of City of Nashville, Georgia. City of Nashville, Georgia has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

MEEKS CPA, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

PATRICK M. ASHLEY, CPA WALTER H. SUMNER, CPA MICHAEL I. SIRMANS, CPA D. ANTHONY ECKLER, CPA

CARRIE E. PUTNAL, CPA

225 East Fourth Street P.O. Box 605 Ocilla, Georgia 31774 Members:

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Georgia Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To The City Council City of Nashville, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Nashville, Georgia, as of and for the year ended July 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Nashville, Georgia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 31, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Nashville, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Nashville, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Nashville, Georgia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Nashville, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

MEEKS CPA, LLP

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ocilla, Georgia July 31, 2018

MEEKS CPA, LLP

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225 East Fourth Street P.O. Box 605 Ocilla, Georgia 31774 Members:

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Georgia Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the City Council City of Nashville, Georgia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Nashville, Georgia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Nashville, Georgia's major federal programs for the year ended July 31, 2017. City of Nashville, Georgia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Nashville, Georgia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).i Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Nashville, Georgia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Nashville, Georgia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, City of Nashville, Georgia, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended July 31, 2017.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed other instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the

accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2017-001 through 2017-004. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

City of Nashville, Georgia's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Nashville, Georgia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Nashville, Georgia, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Nashville, Georgia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Nashville, Georgia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2017-001 through 2017-004 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

City of Nashville, Georgia's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Nashville, Georgia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ocilla, Georgia July 31, 2018

MEEKS CPA, LLP

CITY OF NASHVILLE, GEORGIA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended July 31, 2017

None reported

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results		
Financial Statements		
Type of auditor's report issued:	unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes yes	x no x none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	<u>x</u> no
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes _x_yes	nonone reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?	_x_yes	no
Identification of major programs: CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	-	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$ 750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes	<u>x</u> no
Section II - Financial Statement Findings		

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended July 31, 2017

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

2017-001 CFDA Number: 66.468

Title: Drinking Water State Revolving Fund

Agency: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Pass-through Entity: Georgia Environmental Finance Authority

Federal Award Number(s) and Year(s): DWSRF-16-010
Category of Finding: Cash Management

Criteria:

2 CFR section 200.302(b)(6) states:

"(b)The financial management system of each non-Federal entity must provide for the following:

[...]

(6) Written procedures to implement the requirements of 200.305 Payment.

[...]"

Condition and Context:

During our review, we noted that the City did not have written procedures to implement the requirements of 2 CFR section 200.305 Payment during fiscal year 2017.

Cause:

The City was unaware that this grant was subject to the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, thus did not implement changes during fiscal year 2017.

Effect:

Failure to have a written procedures to ensure the compliance with the 2 CFR section 200.305 Payment may result in noncompliance with Uniform Guidance requirements.

Questioned Costs:

There are no questioned costs.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the City identify grants that are subject to Uniform Guidance on a timely basis to ensure all compliance requirements are met and develop written procedures where required.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:

The City has identified federal grants subject to the Uniform Guidance and will develop written procedures to implement the requirements of 2 CFR section 200.305 Payment.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended July 31, 2017

2017-002 CFDA Number: 66.468

Title: Drinking Water State Revolving Fund

Agency: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Pass-through Entity: Georgia Environmental Finance Authority

Federal Award Number(s) and Year(s): DWSRF-16-010

Category of Finding: Allowable Costs and Cost Principles

Criteria:

2 CFR section 200.302(b)(7) states:

"(b) The financial management system of each non-Federal entity must provide for the following:

[...]

(7) Written procedures for determining the allowability of costs in accordance with Subpart E – Cost Principles of this part and the terms and conditions of the Federal award.

Condition and Context:

During our review of compliance with the uniform guidance requirements, we noted that the City did not have written procedures for determining the allowability of costs and the terms and conditions of the Federal award in fiscal year 2017.

Cause:

The City was unaware that this grant was subject to the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, thus did not implement changes during fiscal year 2017.

Effect:

Failure to have a written policy for determining allowability of costs and the terms and conditions of the Federal award may result in noncompliance with Uniform Guidance requirements.

Questioned Costs:

There are no questioned costs.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the City identify grants that are subject to Uniform Guidance on a timely basis to ensure all compliance requirements are met and develop written procedures where required.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:

The City has identified federal grants subject to the Uniform Guidance and will develop written procedures for determining the allowability of costs in accordance with 2 CFR 200, Subpart E—Cost Principles and the terms and conditions of the Federal award.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended July 31, 2017

2017-003 CFDA Number: 66.468

Title: Drinking Water State Revolving Fund

Agency: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Pass-through Entity: Georgia Environmental Finance Authority

Federal Award Number(s) and Year(s): DWSRF-16-010
Category of Finding: Procurement

Criteria:

2 CFR section 200.318(c)(1) states:

"(c)(1)The non-Federal entity must maintain written standards of conduct covering conflicts of interest and governing the actions of its employees engaged in the selection, award and administration of contracts. [...]"

Condition and Context:

During our review of compliance with the uniform guidance requirements, we noted that the City did not have written written standards of conduct covering conflicts of interest and governing the actions of its employees engaged in the selection, award and administration of contracts in fiscal year 2017.

Cause:

The City was unaware that this grant was subject to the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, thus did not implement changes during fiscal year 2017.

Effect:

Failure to have a written standards of conduct may result in noncompliance with Uniform Guidance requirements.

Questioned Costs:

There are no questioned costs.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the City identify grants that are subject to Uniform Guidance on a timely basis to ensure all compliance requirements are met and develop written standards of conduct.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:

The City has identified federal grants subject to the Uniform Guidance and will develop written standards of conduct in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR section 200.318(c)(1).

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended July 31, 2017

2017-004 CFDA Number: 66.468

Title: Drinking Water State Revolving Fund

Agency: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Pass-through Entity: Georgia Environmental Finance Authority

Federal Award Number(s) and Year(s): DWSRF-16-010
Category of Finding: Procurement

Criteria:

2 CFR section 200.319(c) states:

(c) The non-Federal entity must have written procedures for procurement transactions. [...]"

Condition and Context:

During our review of compliance with the uniform guidance requirements, we noted that the City's written procedures did not include each relevant provision required by §§ 200.318 General procurement standards through 200.326 Contract provisions.

Cause:

The City was unaware that this grant was subject to the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, thus did not implement changes during fiscal year 2017.

Effect:

Failure to have adequate written procedures for procurement transactions may result in noncompliance with Uniform Guidance requirements.

Questioned Costs:

There are no questioned costs.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the City identify grants that are subject to Uniform Guidance on a timely basis to ensure all compliance requirements are met and develop adequate written policies and procedures for procurement transactions.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:

The City has identified federal grants subject to the Uniform Guidance and will develop written policies and procedures which include the relevant provisions required by §§ 200.318 through 200.326 Contract provisions.